



STAPA METALLUX 1580 Aluminium Paste

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 25.02.2022
2.0	07.12.2019	102000030587	Date of first issue: 02.10.2018

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

 Trade name
 :
 STAPA METALLUX 1580 Aluminium Paste

 Product code
 :
 053042G60

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

This information is not available.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	:	ECKART GmbH Guentersthal 4 91235 Hartenstein
Telephone	:	+499152770
Telefax	:	+499152777008
E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS	:	msds.eckart@altana.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

NCEC: +44 1235 239670 (Europe) Call and response in your language is possible. Contract no.: ECKART29003-NCEC.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting Category 3 effects. 2.2 Label elements Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) Hazard statements : H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Prevention: Precautionary statements : P273 Avoid release to the environment. Disposal: P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.



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2.3 Other hazards

Combustible Solids

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous components

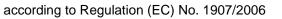
Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	Concentration (% w/w)
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5 231-072-3 01-2119529243-45	Flam. Sol. 1; H228	>= 50 - <= 100
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha	64742-48-9 918-481-9 01-2119457273-39	Asp. Tox. 1; H304	>= 10 - < 20
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6 918-668-5 01-2119486773-24	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 STOT SE 3; H335 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 10 - < 20

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	:	Move the victim to fresh air. Do not leave the victim unattended.
		No hazards which require special first aid measures.
If inhaled	:	If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of skin contact	:	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.
In case of eye contact	:	Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.
		Remove contact lenses. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.





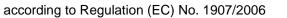
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If swallowed		Do not give mil Never give any	 Keep respiratory tract clear. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person If symptoms persist, call a physician. 		
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed None known.					
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed					
This information is not available.					
SECTION	SECTION 5: Firefighting measures				
5.1 Exting	uishing media				

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Dry sand Special powder against metal fire
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Water Foam ABC powder Carbon dioxide (CO2)
5.2 Special hazards arising from	the	substance or mixture
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Use personal protective equipment.
		Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.
Further information	:	Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
Personal precautions	:	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. Avoid dust formation.		





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6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	 Prevent product from entering drains. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities. 	
6.3 Methods and material for cont	ainment and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up :	Use mechanical handling equipment. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).	
	Sweep up and shovel. Do not flush with water. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.	

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage				
7.1 Precautions for safe handling Advice on safe handling :	Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Avoid dust formation. Ensure adequate ventilation.			
	For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.			
Advice on protection against : fire and explosion	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Earthing of containers and apparatuses is essential.			
	Normal measures for preventive fire protection.			
Hygiene measures :	General industrial hygiene practice.			
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, incl Requirements for storage : areas and containers	uding any incompatibilities Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.			
	Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.			
Further information on : storage conditions	Protect from humidity and water. Do not allow to dry.			
Advice on common storage :	Do not store together with oxidizing and self-igniting products. Never allow product to get in contact with water during			



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			m oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and naterials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.
Further information on storage stability		: No decomposi	tion if stored and applied as directed.
7.3 Spec	cific end use(s)		

7.3 Specific end use(s)

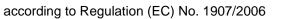
This information is not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form	Control parameters	Basis		
		of exposure)				
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5	TWA (Inhalable)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40		
Further information	any kind wh	en present at a conc	tance hazardous to health in entration in air equal to or gr	eater than 10		
	dust. This m	eans that any dust w	e dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TV vill be subject to COSHH if p rels. Some dusts have been a	eople are		
			hese must comply with the a			
	limits., Whe		erm exposure limit is listed, a			
		TWA (Respirable)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40		
Further information	The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.					
		TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40		
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system,					





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and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable', Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathin and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange regio of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS1414, Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used. Further information For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material	Version Revision Date: .0 07.12.2019		SDS Nun 10200003			: 25.02.2022 st issue: 02.10.2018	
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 those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits. Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathin and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange regio of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used. 					4 mg/r	n3	GB EH40
	Furth	er information	those fractions of undertaken in ac General method thoracic and inha hazardous to he concentration in inhalable dust or any dust will be these levels. Sor to these must co contain particles fate of any partic and the body res particle. HSE dis termed 'inhalable fraction of airbor and is therefore dust approximate of the lung. Fulle MDHS14/4., Wh WEL, all the rele short-term expose	f airborne dust cordance with t s for sampling a alable aerosols, alth includes du air equal to or g 4 mg.m-3 8-ho subject to COSI me dusts have b mply with the a of a wide range cular particle aft sponse that it eli tinguishes two a' and 'respirabl ne material that available for de es to the fraction or definitions and ere dusts conta vant limits shou sure limit is liste	which wi the meth and gravi The CO st of any greater th our TWA HH if peo- been ass ppropria e of sizes er entry icits, dep size frac e'., Inhal t enters t position n that peo- d explan in compo- uld be co	ill be collected when nods described in MD imetric analysis or re- OSHH definition of a s y kind when present a han 10 mg.m-3 8-hou of respirable dust. Th ople are exposed to c signed specific WELs the limits., Most indust s. The behaviour, dep into the human respira- bend on the nature ar ctions for limit-setting lable dust approximation the nose and mouth of in the respiratory trace enetrates to the gas e patory material are giv onents that have thei omplied with., Where	sampling is HS14/4 spirable, substance at a ur TWA of his means that dust above and exposure trial dusts position and ratory system, nd size of the purposes tes to the during breathing ct. Respirable exchange region ven in ir own assigned no specific
	-		vel (DNEL) accor	Exposure rou		C) No. 1907/2006: otential health	Value

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	3.72 mg/m3
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	3.95 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	3.72 mg/m3
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	900 mg/m3

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Fresh water	0.0749 mg/l
	clarification plant	20 mg/l

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment						
Eye protection :	Safety glasses					
Hand protection Material :	Solvent-resistant gloves					
Remarks :	Take note of the information given by the producer concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact). The exact break through time can be obtained from the protective glove producer and this has to be observed. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. Recommended preventive skin protection Skin should be washed after contact. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.					
Skin and body protection :	Long sleeved clothing Safety shoes Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.					
Respiratory protection :	Use suitable breathing protection if workplace concentration requires.					
Environmental exposure controls						
Water :	The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.					

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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	Appear	ance		Pasty solid	
	Colour		:	silver	
	Odour		:	characteristic	
	Odour 7	Fhreshold	:	No data available	9
	рН		:	No data available	9
	Freezin	g point	:	No data available	9
	Boiling	point/boiling range	:	No data available	9
	Flash p	oint	:	No data available	9
	Evapora	ation rate	:	No data available	9
	Flamma	ability (solid, gas)	:	Combustible Soli	ds
	Self-ign	ition	:	not auto-flammat	ble
	Auto-igr	nition temperature	:	No data available	9
	Smolde	ring temperature	:	No data available	9
	Decom	position temperature	:	No data available	9
	Explosi	ve properties	:	Not explosive	
	Oxidizir	ng properties	:	No data available	9
		explosion limit / Upper bility limit	:	No data available	9
		explosion limit / Lower bility limit	:	No data available	9
	Vapour	pressure	:	No data available	9
	Relative	e vapour density	:	No data available	2
	Relative	e density	:	No data available	
	Density		:	1.3 - 2.0 g/cm3	
	Bulk de	nsity	:	No data available	9
	Solubilit Wate	ty(ies) er solubility	:	insoluble	
	Solubilit	ty in other solvents	:	No data available	9



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	tion coefficient: n- nol/water	: No data availab	le
Deco	omposition temperature	: No data availab	le
Visc	osity, dynamic	: No data availab	le
Visc	osity, kinematic	: No data availab	le
Flow	r time	: No data availab	le
	r information lata available		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	 Reacts with alkalis, acids, halogenes and oxidizing agents. Contact with acids and alkalis may release hydrogen. Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of hydrogen. Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming.

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid

: Do not allow to dry.

No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid

: Acids Bases Oxidizing agents Highly halogenated compounds

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Contact with water or humid : This information is not available. air

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Thern	nal decomposition	: This informatio	n is not available.
SECTION	I 11: Toxicological	information	
11.1 Infor	mation on toxicologi	ical effects	
	e toxicity		
	assified based on ava	allable information.	
	<u>oonents:</u>		
	inium powder (stabil	•	
Acute	inhalation toxicity	: LC50 (Rat): > 5 Exposure time: Test atmospher	4 h
Naph	tha (petroleum), hyd	lrotreated heavy; Low	boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:
Acute	oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): > 5	,000 mg/kg
Acute	inhalation toxicity	Remarks: An LO	st atmosphere: vapour C50/inhalation/4h/rat could not be determined rtality of rats was observed at the maximum centration.
Acute	e dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit):	> 5,000 mg/kg
Solve	ent naphtha (petrole	um). light arom.:	
	oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): 3,4	92 mg/kg
Acute	e dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit):	> 3,160 mg/kg
Skin	corrosion/irritation		
Not cl	assified based on ava	ailable information.	
Serio	us eye damage/eye	irritation	
Not cl	assified based on ava	ailable information.	
Resp	iratory or skin sensi	tisation	
Skin	sensitisation		
Not cl	assified based on ava	ailable information.	
Resp	iratory sensitisation		
Not cl	assified based on ava	ailable information.	
	a cell mutagenicity assified based on ava	ailable information.	
	nogenicity		
Not cl	assified based on ava	ailable information.	

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation., May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom .:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Further information

Product: Remarks: No data available

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha: Remarks: Solvents may degrease the skin.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Long-term (chronic) aquatic : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. hazard

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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12.4 Mol	bility in soil				
	data available				
12.5 Res	sults of PBT and vPvB a	sse	ssment		
Pro	duct:				
Ass	Assessment :		This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher		
12.6 Oth	er adverse effects				
Pro	duct:				
	Additional ecological : information		An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Cor	nponents:				
Nap	ohtha (petroleum), hydro	otrea	ated heavy; Low b	ooiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:	
	litional ecological rmation	:	No data available		
SECTIC	N 13: Disposal consid	der	ations		
	European Waste Catalogue : European Waste Catalogue :		12 01 04 - non-ferrous metal dust and particles 10 03 21 - other particulates and dust (including ball-mill dus containing hazardous substances		
13 1 Wa	ste treatment methods				

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	:	The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil. In accordance with local and national regulations.
Contaminated packaging	:	In accordance with local and national regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

- 14.1 UN number
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
- 14.4 Packing group
- 14.5 Environmental hazards
- 14.6 Special precautions for user



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Remar	٨S	: Not classified as regulations.	dangerous in the meaning of transport

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants	:	Not applicable

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H226	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H228	:	Flammable solid.
H304	:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H335	:	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full text of other abbreviati	ons	
Aquatic Chronic	:	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Asp. Tox.	:	Aspiration hazard
Flam. Liq.	:	Flammable liquids
Flam. Sol.	:	Flammable solids

 STOT SE
 :
 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

 GB EH40
 :
 UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

 GB EH40 / TWA
 :
 Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community



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number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration: NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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