according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 03.03.2022

6.0 01.12.2020 102000005078 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

Product code : 08329125V

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

This information is not available.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : ECKART GmbH

Guentersthal 4 91235 Hartenstein

Telephone : +499152770

Telefax : +499152777008

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS

: msds.eckart@altana.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

NCEC: +44 1235 239670 (Europe)

Call and response in your language is possible.

Contract no.: ECKART29003-NCEC.

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage, Category 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory

system

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated

exposure, Category 2

H373: May cause damage to organs through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters

airways.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Print Date:
 03.03.2022

 6.0
 01.12.2020
 102000005078
 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard,

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Category 2

#### 2.2 Label elements

## Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :











Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters

airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H373 May cause damage to organs through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:** 

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks,

open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/

vapours/ spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/

eye protection/ face protection/ hearing

protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a

POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously

with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical

or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

xvlene

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha butan-1-ol

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Print Date:
 03.03.2022

 6.0
 01.12.2020
 102000005078
 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2 Mixtures

### **Hazardous components**

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	Concentration (% w/w)
xylene	1330-20-7 215-535-7 01-2119488216-32	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 STOT RE 2; H373 Asp. Tox. 1; H304	>= 25 - < 50
zinc powder — zinc dust (stabilised)	7440-66-6 231-175-3 01-2119467174-37	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	>= 20 - < 25
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4 204-658-1 01-2119485493-29	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336	>= 10 - < 20
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5 231-072-3 01-2119529243-45	Flam. Sol. 1; H228	>= 1 - < 10
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha	64742-48-9 918-481-9 01-2119457273-39	Asp. Tox. 1; H304	>= 1 - < 10
butan-1-ol	71-36-3 200-751-6 01-2119484630-38	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H335, H336	>= 3 - < 10
Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates	68308-64-5 939-607-9	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 3; H311 Skin Corr. 1C; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	>= 0.25 - < 1

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 03.03.2022

6.0 01.12.2020 102000005078 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move the victim to fresh air.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later.

If inhaled : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.

If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Small amounts splashed into eyes can cause irreversible

tissue damage and blindness. Remove contact lenses.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

This information is not available.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 03.03.2022

6.0 01.12.2020 102000005078 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry sand

ABC powder

Foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if

necessary.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored

separately in closed containments.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Use mechanical handling equipment.

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Print Date:
 03.03.2022

 6.0
 01.12.2020
 102000005078
 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13).

Do not flush with water.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapours/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the

application area.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.
Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure.
To avoid spills during handling keep bottle on a metal tray.
Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Earthing of containers and apparatuses is essential. Reaction with water liberates extremely flammable gas (hydrogen) Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Use explosion-proof equipment. Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep container closed when not in use.

No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety

standards.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 03.03.2022

6.0 01.12.2020 102000005078 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

Further information on storage conditions

Protect from humidity and water.

Advice on common storage : Do not store near acids.

Do not store together with oxidizing and self-igniting products.

Never allow product to get in contact with water during

storage.

Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Further information on storage stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

This information is not available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

## **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
xylene	1330-20-7	TWA	50 ppm 221 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
Further information	Identifies the	e possibility of signifi	cant uptake through the skin	, Indicative
		STEL	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
Further information	Identifies the	e possibility of signifi	cant uptake through the skin	, Indicative
		TWA	50 ppm 220 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
		STEL	100 ppm 441 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
zinc powder — zinc dust (stabilised)	7440-66-6	TWA (Inhalable)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.			
		TWA (Respirable fraction)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Print Date:
 03.03.2022

 6.0
 01.12.2020
 102000005078
 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

Further information  n-butyl acetate	any kind wh mg.m-3 8-h dust. This m exposed to specific WE limits., Whe	en present at a condour TWA of inhalable neans that any dust we dust above these leves and exposure to the series and exposure to	tance hazardous to health in centration in air equal to or greated as the contraction of the dust of 4 mg.m-3 8-hour Twill be subject to COSHH if pivels. Some dusts have been these must comply with the arm exposure limit is listed, and should be used.  150 ppm 724 mg/m3	reater than 10 WA of respirable eople are assigned appropriate
		STEL	200 ppm 966 mg/m3	GB EH40
		STEL	150 ppm 723 mg/m3	2019/1831/E U
Further information	Indicative			
		TWA	50 ppm 241 mg/m3	2019/1831/E U
Further information	Indicative	1	T	1
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5	TWA (Inhalable)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.  TWA (Respirable 4 mg/m3 GB EH40			
E district our fire	TI - 000111	fraction)		
Further information	The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.			
		TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	those fraction undertaken General me thoracic and hazardous to concentration inhalable duany dust will these levels to these mu	ons of airborne dust in accordance with thods for sampling a dinhalable aerosols. The interest of the interest	respirable dust and inhalable which will be collected when he methods described in MD and gravimetric analysis or responsible to the cost of any kind when present a greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. The if people are exposed to be open assigned specific WELs opropriate limits., Most industed of sizes. The behaviour, de	sampling is PHS14/4 spirable, substance at a ur TWA of his means that dust above and exposure trial dusts

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Print Date:
 03.03.2022

 6.0
 01.12.2020
 102000005078
 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

	fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.				
		TWA (Respirable	4 mg/m3	GB EH40	
		,			
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols., The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term				
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	nit should be used. STEL	50 ppm	GB EH40	
E district	154 mg/m3				
Further information	Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.				

## **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Sampling time	Basis
xylene	1330-20-7	methyl hippuric	After shift	GB EH40
		acid: 650		BAT
		Millimoles per mole		
		Creatinine		
		(Urine)		

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Print Date:
 03.03.2022

 6.0
 01.12.2020
 102000005078
 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

		<del></del>		1
Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
xylene	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	65.3 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	14.8 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	174 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	108 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	1.6 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	221 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	77 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	289 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	180 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	289 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	174 mg/m3
zinc powder — zinc dust (stabilised)	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	5 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	83 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	2.5 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	83 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	0.83 mg/kg
n-butyl acetate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	48 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	960 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	480 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	960 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Acute systemic effects	11 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	300 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	35.7 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Acute systemic effects	6 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	2 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Acute systemic	2 mg/kg

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Print Date:
 03.03.2022

 6.0
 01.12.2020
 102000005078
 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

			effects	
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	3.72 mg/m3
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	3.95 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	3.72 mg/m3
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	900 mg/m3
butan-1-ol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	310 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	55.357 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	55 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	3.125 mg/kg
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	3.125 mg/kg
	Workers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	3.125 mg/kg

## Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l
	Marine water	0.327 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Marine sediment	12.46 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg
	STP	6.58 mg/l
	Intermittent Release	0.327 mg/l
zinc powder — zinc dust (stabilised)	Fresh water	0.0206 mg/l
	Marine water	0.0061 mg/l
	STP	0.100 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	235.6 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	121 mg/kg
	Soil	106.8 mg/kg
n-butyl acetate	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 03.03.2022

6.0 01.12.2020 102000005078 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

	Marine water	0.018 mg/l
	STP	35.6 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0.098 mg/kg
	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Fresh water	0.0749 mg/l
	clarification plant	20 mg/l
butan-1-ol	Fresh water	0.082 mg/l
	Marine water	0.0082 mg/l
	Intermittent Release	2.25 mg/l
	STP	2476 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.178 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0.0178 mg/l
	Soil	0.015 mg/kg

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

## Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Goggles

Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Hand protection

Material : Solvent-resistant gloves (butyl-rubber)

Remarks : Take note of the information given by the producer

concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact). The exact break through time can be obtained from the protective glove producer and this has to be observed. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the

danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Recommended preventive skin protection Skin should be washed after contact. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective

gloves.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection according to the amount and

concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Respiratory protection : Use suitable breathing protection if workplace concentration

requires.

In the case of vapour formation use a respirator with an

approved filter.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 03.03.2022

6.0 01.12.2020 102000005078 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

**Environmental exposure controls** 

Water : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : liquid

Colour : silver

Odour : characteristic

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : Not applicable

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : 116 °C

Flash point : 27 °C

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Self-ignition : No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Smoldering temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Explosive properties : No data available

Oxidizing properties : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

: No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

: No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 03.03.2022

6.0 01.12.2020 102000005078 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

Density : ca. 1.11 g/cm3

Bulk density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : immiscible

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : see user defined free text

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Flow time : 15 - 30 s at 20 °C

Cross section: 4 mm Method: DIN 53211

#### 9.2 Other information

No data available

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Contact with acids and alkalis may release hydrogen.

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Do not allow evaporation to dryness.

Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Acids

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 03.03.2022

6.0 01.12.2020 102000005078 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

Bases

Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Contact with water or humid

: This information is not available.

air

Thermal decomposition : This information is not available.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

**Components:** 

xylene:

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

short term inhalation.

zinc powder — zinc dust (stabilised):

Acute oral toxicity : (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 5.41 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

aluminium powder (stabilised):

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Print Date:
 03.03.2022

 6.0
 01.12.2020
 102000005078
 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): Test atmosphere: vapour

Remarks: An LC50/inhalation/4h/rat could not be determined because no mortality of rats was observed at the maximum

achievable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates:

Acute oral toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single ingestion.

Acute dermal toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is toxic after single

contact with skin.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Product:

Remarks: May cause skin irritation in susceptible persons.

**Components:** 

xylene:

Result: Skin irritation

butan-1-ol:

Result: Skin irritation

Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates:

Result: Corrosive, category 1C - where responses occur after exposures between 1 hour and 4 hours and observations up to 14 days.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Product:

Remarks: May cause irreversible eye damage.

**Components:** 

xylene:

Result: Eye irritation

butan-1-ol:

Result: Irreversible effects on the eye

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 03.03.2022

6.0 01.12.2020 102000005078 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

#### Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates:

Result: Irreversible effects on the eye

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

## Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

## STOT - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

### **Components:**

## xylene:

Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

#### n-butyl acetate:

Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### butan-1-ol:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects., The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation.

## STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **Components:**

### xylene:

Target Organs: Central nervous system

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

## **Aspiration toxicity**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Print Date: 03.03.2022

01.12.2020 102000005078 6.0 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

## **Components:**

## xylene:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### **Further information**

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Solvents may degrease the skin.

### **Components:**

#### zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilised):

Remarks: No data available

### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Remarks: Solvents may degrease the skin.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

## **Components:**

## zinc powder — zinc dust (stabilised):

### **Ecotoxicology Assessment**

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Very toxic to aquatic life.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates:

M-Factor (Short-term (acute) : 10

aquatic hazard)

M-Factor (Long-term

1

(chronic) aquatic hazard)

## **Ecotoxicology Assessment**

Short-term (acute) aquatic

Very toxic to aquatic life.

hazard

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 03.03.2022

6.0 01.12.2020 102000005078 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

### **Components:**

n-butyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 2.3

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

### **Product:**

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

## **Product:**

Additional ecological

information

: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **Components:**

### zinc powder — zinc dust (stabilised):

Additional ecological

information

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Additional ecological

information

: No data available

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company. In accordance with local and national regulations.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Print Date:
 03.03.2022

 6.0
 01.12.2020
 102000005078
 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum. In accordance with local and national regulations.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number

ADR : UN 1263 IMDG : UN 1263 IATA : UN 1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : PAINT IMDG : PAINT

(Zinc powder, stabilized)

IATA : Paint

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

 ADR
 : 3

 IMDG
 : 3

 IATA
 : 3

## 14.4 Packing group

ADR

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3
Tunnel restriction code : (D/E)

**IMDG** 

Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, <u>S-E</u>

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 366

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344
Packing group : III

Labels : Flammable Liquids

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction : 355

(passenger aircraft)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Print Date:
 03.03.2022

 6.0
 01.12.2020
 102000005078
 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344
Packing group : III

Labels : Flammable Liquids

14.5 Environmental hazards

**ADR** 

Environmentally hazardous : yes

MDG

Marine pollutant : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

: Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that

deplete the ozone layer

: Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic

pollutants (recast)

: Not applicable

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances,

preparations and articles (Annex XVII)

Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be

considered: Number on list 3

xylene (Number on list 3) aluminium powder (stabilised)

(Number on list 40)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha (Number on list 3) Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates

(Number on list 3)

Castor oil, sulfated, sodium salt

(Number on list 3)

Volatile organic compounds : Directive 2004/42/EC

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 54.95 %, 609.93

g/l

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Print Date:
 03.03.2022

 6.0
 01.12.2020
 102000005078
 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H226 : Flammable liquid and vapour.

H228 : Flammable solid. H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H311 : Toxic in contact with skin.
H312 : Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H318 : Causes serious eye damage. H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 : Harmful if inhaled.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation. H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard
Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids

Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids
Flam. Sol. : Flammable solids
Skin Corr. : Skin corrosion
Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation

STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

2000/39/EC : Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first

list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

2019/1831/EU : Europe. Commission Directive 2019/1831/EU establishing a

fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
GB EH40 BAT : UK. Biological monitoring guidance values

2000/39/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours 2000/39/EC / STEL : Short term exposure limit 2019/1831/EU / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours 2019/1831/EU / STEL : Short term exposure limit

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Concentrate Zink bright 180 kg

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 03.03.2022

6.0 01.12.2020 102000005078 Date of first issue: 28.01.2014

for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan): ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization: ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan): ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID -Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

GB / EN